Digital Gene Expression: Tag Profiling

Powered by Illumina Sequencing technology, Digital Gene Expression: Tag Profiling enables researchers to profile any polyadenylated mRNA from any organism, detect rare transcripts, and validate microarray results with quantification comparable to qPCR. This whole-genome expression analysis solution is just one of the many discovery applications supported by the Illumina Genome Analyzer.

INTRODUCTION

Illumina has provided researchers with gene expression microarrays that support high-throughput biological discovery applications. Now, with Digital Gene Expression (DGE): Tag Profiling, Illumina offers a wholegenome expression platform that can generate expression profiles for any transcript from any gene in any organism. DGE: Tag Profiling is a revolutionary approach to expression analysis. Driven by Illumina Sequencing technology, DGE creates genomewide expression profiles through sequencing, not hybridization. The ability to identify, quantify, and annotate expressed genes on the level of the whole genome without

HIGHLIGHTS FOR DIGITAL GENE EXPRESSION TAG PROFILING

- No sequence knowledge required: Universal platform to study any transcript
- Tunable coverage: Almost unlimited dynamic range for rare transcript discovery
- Sensitivity: Four million tags per sample yields an average of 12 counts for transcripts at one copy per cell
- Orthogonal validation: Genomewide data comparable to qPCR validation of microarrays

FIGURE 1: ILLUMINA'S GENE EXPRESSION PORTFOLIO Platform BeadArray™ Direct Digital Gene Expression: **Hybridization Assay** Tag Profiling **Novel Transcript Discovery** Application High-Throughput Whole-Genome Profiling Quantification of Rare Transcripts Orthogonal Microarray Validation BeadChip Flow Cell **Format** A THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

prior sequence knowledge enables an entirely new scale of biological experimentation, opening doors to higher-confidence target discovery, disease classification, and pathway studies. DGE: Tag Profiling also offers researchers a global orthogonal hybridization array validation method and, with an almost unlimited dynamic range, a tunable depth of coverage for rare transcript discovery and quantification.

Unlike the relative expression profiles microarray hybridization technology generates, DGE records the numerical frequency of a sequence in the library population, thereby eliminating background signals. Additionally, DGE data can be

recorded and annotated using current genome information, and can be easily re-annotated as genome databases evolve.

GENE EXPRESSION PROFILING THROUGH SEQUENCING

Powered by Illumina's proprietary sequencing by synthesis technology, the Illumina Genome Analyzer can be used for many different biological discovery applications such as whole-genome resequencing, DNA methylation status, protein-DNA interactions, whole-genome expression profiling, and small RNA discovery and analysis. Each application differs only in its respective sample preparation



protocol and downstream data analysis.

For Tag Profiling, Illumina scientists have designed a sample protocol that enables sequencing of any mRNA. Through a simple workflow, mRNA libraries amenable to cluster generation and sequencing by synthesis are created.

The Illumina Tag Profiling template protocol builds constructs comprised of a unique, positionally known 20- or 21-base pair cDNA tag with defined adapters attached to both ends. Tag Profiling provides access to any messenger RNA through two restriction enzyme tag construction options. With a restriction site every 256 base pairs, digestion with Nla III captures most mRNA species. For transcripts not addressed with Nla III tag construction, Illumina offers an alternate method to anchor tags using Dpn II restriction.

The tag mRNA libraries are loaded onto the fully automated Cluster Station where they bind to complementary adapter oligos grafted onto a proprietary flow cell surface. The Cluster Station isothermally amplifies these cDNA constructs to create clonal clusters of ~1000 copies each. The resulting high-density array of

template clusters on the flow cell is directly sequenced by the fully automated Illumina Genome Analyzer. Illumina Sequencing technolgy uses four proprietary, fluorescently labeled, reversibly terminated nucleotides to sequence the millions of clusters base-by-base in parallel with an accuracy rate greater than 99.6% per cycle. Because this protocol does not require any transcript-specific probes, DGE: Tag Profiling enables researchers to discover and quantify transcripts in any organism, irrespective of the available annotation.

CONFIDENT NOVEL TRANSCRIPT DISCOVERY

Theoretical calculations suggest that over 99.8% of 21-base pair tags occur only once in genomes the size of the human genome¹. Analyses based on actual sequence information from approximately 16,000 known genes suggest that >75% of 21-base pair tags are expected to occur only once in the human genome, with the remaining tags matching duplicated genes or repeat sequences¹. Because DGE: Tag Profiling creates and sequences positionally registered tags of 20 and 21 base pairs, researchers are provided with

sufficient sequence information for confident identification of novel transcripts from any eukaryotic genome (Table 1).

UNPARALLELED DYNAMIC RANGE

Digital Gene Expression opens up the entire mRNA spectrum for characterization. With 20 times the sensitivity of SAGE, Tag Profiling delivers an unprecedented depth of coverage. Analyzing up to four million tags per sample per flow cell channel, Tag Profiling has, in effect, unlimited dynamic range with excellent reproducibility, allowing researchers to probe very low levels of expression (Figure 2).

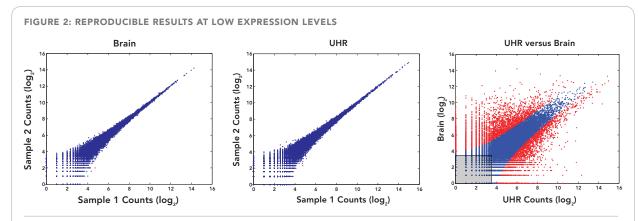
It is generally accepted that one transcript per cell can be equated to one copy of the transcript in every 350,000 transcripts. Displaying sequencing data in templates per million (TPM), the Genome Analyzer registers a single transcript copy as a signal of three TPM. Therefore, if researchers tune the sequencing depth to four million tags per flow cell channel, a single copy transcript will be called 12 times. If greater confidence is desired, the investigator can run multiple channels of one sample on the flow cell. This tunable

TABLE 1: EXAMPLE OF DGE: TAG PROFILING DATA

GENE DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	HUMAN BRAIN (TPM)*	UNIVERSAL HUMAN REFERENCE (TPM)	TAG SEQUENCE
Hemoglobin, Zeta	HBZ	0	4443	GATCTCCACGCAGGCCCGACA
Gamma-aminobutyric acid A receptor, alpha 1	GABRA1	894	0	GATCCCAAACCCAAGTCTTGAA
PHD finger protein 20	PHF20	10	10	GATCCGGGGCTGCAGGCTTG
Glyceraldehyde-3-phospate dehydrogenase	GAPDH	10,202	21,582	GATCATGAGCAATGCCTCCT

Data were generated from an in-house experiment comparing expression profiles for universal human reference and mouse brain samples using DGE Tag Profiling. Alignment against databases allows for gene symbol, description, and other annotations to be associated with each tag.

^{*}Templates per million



Two samples of MAQC human brain specimen were prepared using the DGE Tag Profiling protocol. Each sample was run on a single flow cell lane. The resulting data, plotted as Sample 1 versus Sample 2, clearly demonstrate the outstanding reproducibility DGE Tag Profiling delivers. Similar results were seen for the same experiment using two MAQC universal human reference (UHR) samples. Distinct differential expression is observed when the two lanes of brain and UHR data are compared. Tags plotted in blue are identical in each specimen. Tags shown in red reflect a greater than two-fold change in expression (p=0.95). On the UHR versus Brain scatter plot, the data in the shaded box show the signals observed at a level of less than one transcript per cell (three templates per million) for both samples.

depth of coverage offers unparalleled confidence calling low and zero expression levels (Figure 2).

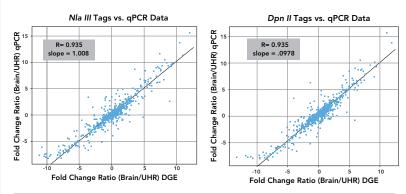
ORTHOGONAL VALIDATION

The most commonly employed microarray validation methods are (1) qPCR and (2) replicating the experiment with another microarray system. While qPCR offers robust orthogonal validation, it is an expensive and time-consuming protocol that limits whole-genome or global analysis. Validating microarray data with a different microarray platform, while more cost-effective, does not exclude potential bias associated with hybridization assays. Digital Gene Expression combines the strengths of both methodologies by providing whole-genome orthogonal validation comparable to qPCR (Figure 3) at a radically lower cost.

DATA ANALYSIS

Tag Profiling generates data using open architecture software, allowing researchers to tailor Illumina





Experiments using MAQC samples show the data correlation between qPCR and the Tag Profiling protocol are greater than 0.93. After being assayed by qPCR, 629 and 625 RefSeq genes were quantified using the Nla~III and Dpn~II protocols, respectively. Unlike microarray data, there is no observed "ratio compression" in the data as evidenced by the slopes equal to ~ 1 .

Genome Analyzer data analysis software to address their specific needs. Investigators are able to run image analysis, base calling, and standard filtering to generate a list of sequence tags and counts. It is also possible to annotate tags with genomic information and analyze differential gene expression. For the Tag Profiling application, the Genome

Analyzer software provides canonical sequences for human and mouse genomes. Expression profiles for other species can be compared easily against public databases like the NCBI RefSeq database (www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov) and the University of California Santa Cruz (UCSC) genome browser.

ORDERING INFORMATION

CATALOG NO.	PRODUCT	DESCRIPTION	
FC-102-1005	DGE: Tag Profiling for <i>Nla</i> III Sample Prep Kit (1)	Contains reagents for preparing <i>NIa</i> III tags from eight total RNA samples (eight samples can be loaded on one flow cell).	
FC-102-1006	DGE: Tag Profiling for <i>Nla</i> III Sample Prep Kit (5)	Contain reagents for preparing <i>Nla</i> III tags from 40 total RNA samples (40 samples can be loaded on five flow cells).	
FC-102-1007	DGE: Tag Profiling for <i>Dpn</i> II Sample Prep Kit (1)	Contains reagents for preparing <i>Dpn</i> II tags from eight total RNA samples (eight samples can be loaded on one flow cell).	
FC-102-1008	DGE: Tag Profiling for <i>Dpn</i> II Sample Prep Kit (5)	Contains reagents for preparing <i>Dpn</i> II tags from 40 total RNA samples (40 samples can be loaded on five flow cells).	
FC-103-1004	DGE: Tag Profiling <i>Nla</i> III Cluster Generation Kit (1)	Contains reagents, one flow cell, one amplification and one hybridization manifold for processing up to eight samples.	
FC-103-1005	DGE: Tag Profiling <i>Nla</i> III Cluster Generation Kit (10)	Contains reagents, ten flow cells, ten amplification manifolds, and ten hybridization manifolds for processing up to 80 samples.	
FC-103-1006	DGE: Tag Profiling <i>Dpn</i> II Cluster Generation Kit (1)	Contains reagents, one flow cell, one amplification manifold, and one hybridization manifold for processing up to eight samples.	
FC-103-1007	DGE: Tag Profiling <i>Dpn</i> II Cluster Generation Kit (10)	Contains reagents, ten flow cells, ten amplification manifolds, and ten hybridization manifolds for processing up to 80 samples.	
FC-104-1001	18-cycle Illumina Sequencing Kit (1)	Contains reagents for generating 17 base pair sequences for eight DGE Tag Profiling samples (one flow cell).	
SY-301-2001	Illumina Cluster Station	Includes the Illumina Cluster Station, computer, software, installation, training, and 1-year warranty.	
SY-301-1001 Illumina Genome Analyzer		Includes the Illumina Genome Analyzer, computer, software, installation, training, and 1-year warranty.	

SUMMARY

Digital Gene Expression: Tag Profiling offers unparalleled depth, specificity, and sensitivity for confident novel and rare transcript discovery in any organism. With a simple workflow that does not require previous sequence knowledge, and transcript quantification comparable to qPCR, DGE: Tag Profiling delivers a truly universal whole-genome expression analysis platform. Like all Illumina gene expression products, DGE: Tag Profiling delivers industry-leading levels of accuracy, flexibility, and affordability.

REFERENCES

 Saha S, Sparks AB, Rago C, Viatcheslav A, Wang CJ, et al. (2002) Using the transcriptome to annotate the genome. Nat Biotech 20: 508-512.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

To learn more about Illumina's RNA Analysis Solutions and other Genome Analyzer applications, visit www.illumina.com or contact us at the address below.

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